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10EC64

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2018

Antenna and Propagation

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO full questions from each part.

PART – A

- 1 a. Define the following terms as related to antenna system:
 - i) HPBW
 - ii) Power density
 - iii) Beam solid angle
 - iv) Directivity
 - v) Radiation resistance

(10 Marks)
- b. Calculate the exact directivity for the following sources:
 - i) $u = u_m \sin^2\theta \sin^3\phi$ ii) $u = u_m \sin\theta \sin^3\phi$

u has value only for $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi$ and $0 \leq \phi \leq \pi$ and is zero elsewhere. (05 Marks)
- c. Define antenna aperture. Derive the relationship between aperture and beam area. (05 Marks)
- 2 a. State and explain power theorems in terms of power density and radiation intensity. (05 Marks)
- b. Obtain the relative field pattern for an array of two isotropic point sources of same amplitude and opposite phase spaced $\lambda/2$ apart. (10 Marks)
- c. Find the total power radiated and directivity of an antenna with radiation intensity $u = u_m \cos^4\theta \sin^2\phi$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi/2$ and $0 \leq \phi \leq 2\pi$. (05 Marks)
- 3 a. Write an explanatory note on folded dipole antenna with neat figure. (06 Marks)
- b. Show that the radiation resistance of $\lambda/2$ antenna is 73Ω . (09 Marks)
- c. For a short dipole $\lambda/15$ long, find the efficiency, radiation resistance if loss resistance is 1Ω . Find also the effective aperture. (05 Marks)
- 4 a. Write a brief note on patch antenna. (05 Marks)
- b. The radius of a circular loop antenna is 0.02λ . How many turns of the antenna will give a radiation resistance of 35Ω . (06 Marks)
- c. What are the salient features of loop antenna? Obtain radiation resistance of a small loop antenna. (09 Marks)

PART – B

- 5 a. With a neat diagram, explain the working of yagi-uda antenna in detail with design formulae. Highlight its applications. (08 Marks)
- b. A dish antenna operating at a frequency of 1.43GHz has a diameter of 64 metres and is fed by a directional antenna. Calculate HPBW, BWFN and gain with respect to $\lambda/2$ dipole with even illumination. (05 Marks)
- c. Explain helical antenna with design considerations and working principle. Also highlight the applications of the antenna. (07 Marks)

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- 6 a. Briefly write about various types of horn antennas with neat diagrams. (05 Marks)
b. Explain the working of log periodic antenna. (05 Marks)
c. Write short notes on:
i) Embedded antenna
ii) Ultra wide band antenna. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Derive an expression for 'Line of Sight' distance (LOS) between transmitting and receiving antennas. (06 Marks)
b. Define wave tilt of a surface wave propagation. Also, prove that wave tilt,
$$\alpha = \tan^{-1} \frac{E_n}{E_v} = \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r}} \cdot \frac{1}{[1+x^2]^{1/4}} \right].$$
 (10 Marks)
c. Explain duct propagation in brief. (04 Marks)
- 8 a. Define the following as related to ionospheric propagation with standard formulae:
i) Virtual height ii) Critical frequency iii) Maximum usable frequency. (09 Marks)
b. Calculate the value of frequency at which the electromagnetic wave should be propagated in D-region given that refractive index $\mu = 0.5$ and electron density $\gamma = 10^{12}$ electrons/m³. (05 Marks)
c. In an ionospheric wave propagation, the angle of incidence made at a particular layer at the height of 200km is 45°, with critical frequency 6MHz. Calculate the skip distance. (06 Marks)

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